

THE POLITICAL CHANGE

FORECAST OF THE SHUFFLE TO TAKE PLACE AT OTTAWA

The New Government Will of Necessity Have to Summon Parliament at an Early Date—Desirable That New Government Should be in Office Before the Arrival of the Duke of Connaught.

Ottawa.—It is a little too early yet to definitely forecast in detail political changes to be made as a result of the Conservative victory. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Borden will not be in a position to definitely announce their plans for a week or so, but meanwhile the probability of the situation is being eagerly discussed at the capital, where the change of government is, of course, of especial interest. The premier and the other members of the government will hold a cabinet meeting as early as possible after the return of the ministers to the city.

Sir Wilfrid will, of course, leave to his successor the filling of all positions now vacant, including two senate vacancies, a judgeship in Ontario, and two county judgeships. The post of Canadian high commissioner in London, which will be rendered vacant soon as Lord Grey's resignation is formally tendered, will be Mr. Borden's first apple of discord. It is suggested that Hon. Clifford Sifton and Sir Hugh Graham may both want it as a reward for their services in the campaign.

The change will be made with all possible speed in view of the pending departure of Earl Grey. It is desirable that the new government should be in office before the arrival of the Duke of Connaught, so that his royal highness may not be embarrassed by arriving in Canada while political affairs are in a state of transition requiring vice-regal action. Earl Grey's departure on October 6 may now have to be postponed for a few days. After Sir Wilfrid formally tenders the resignation of his government to Earl Grey, the latter will promptly ask Mr. Borden to form a cabinet. He is fortunate in that practically all the strong men of his party, with the exception of C. A. Magrath, of Medicine Hat, have been re-elected. He need not, and probably will not, go outside the ranks of parliament, for the present at least, in making up his cabinet, although Premier McBride, of British Columbia; Premier Roblin, of Manitoba; Hon. Frank McNamee, of Ontario; and Premier Hazen, of New Brunswick, are suggested as possible provincial lieutenants who will be asked to enter the federal arena. All these are comfortably placed at present, and within the party ranks in the commons are men who have earned by past services, and who expect, cabinet preference.

The new government will of necessity have to summon parliament at the earliest possible moment, probably the last week in October, or the first week in November. Supply was only partly voted when parliament dissolved. Already in some of the departments there is no money available. There will probably be a session of a month or so to pass supply, to be followed by an adjournment until February, while the new government finds its bearings and prepares its legislative programme.

One of the first difficulties will be with regard to the naval policy. The tenders are in for the first ten ships of the new navy, and the first parliament experience of Mr. Borden will be tested in his handling of this problem.

Laurier, despite his personal desire to retire with honor for a well-earned rest, to take his pleasure in his library and as a master essayist in national and imperial political economy, will probably stay at the head of his party. As leader of the opposition, he would still be a commanding figure in the house. With Mr. Borden as premier and Sir Wilfrid as opposition leader, the game of political strategy in Canada should prove an intensely interesting one until the next election.

Indians to Blame for Great Idaho Fire

Tekoa, Wash.—According to the dying statement of a Kootenai Indian the mystery regarding the origin of the big forest fire that destroyed Wallace, Idaho, and smaller towns and burned 3,000,000,000 feet of fine timber a year ago, is believed to be cleared up. Indians, according to the statement, started a fire in a logged-off region to insure a good crop of huckleberries the following spring. A sudden windstorm carried the fire beyond their control and into the dry forests in Idaho. The Indians fled to the reservation.

Canadian Explorer Back

Ottawa, Ont.—Captain Bernier, the Canadian Arctic explorer, is back from a year's cruise in the far north. Captain Bernier wintered in the Arctic, and is said not to have been heard from for more than six months, when his ship, the Arctic, was reported off Point Amour, on the Labrador coast.

Captain Bernier's long silence and the uncertainty of the exact whereabouts in the Arctic had caused some anxiety in official circles in Ottawa. The return by way of Labrador failed his intention of making the Northwest passage.

Seven Men Killed in a C. P. R. Wreck

North Bay, Ont.—A C. P. R. wreck at Chapeau resulted in seven deaths. It was caused by the engine of a work train running tender first and crashing into the van of an east bound stock train standing on the main line.

Eight men in charge of the stock were in the van but only one escaped, saving himself by jumping. The accident occurred at five in the morning. The dead include—Clarmont, of London, England; Harold, of Windsor, Ont.; Nelson, of Winnipeg, Man.; Geoffron, of Quebec, and three others whose names are unknown at present.

More Locomotives Purchased

Kingston, Ont.—The Grand Trunk Pacific has ordered 25 large locomotives from the Canadian Locomotive Works here.

PLANNING A RAILROAD POLICY

Line Planned by Canadian Northern Will Follow Route of Alberta and Great Waterways

Edmonton.—Evidence supporting the theory that Premier Sifton will introduce a Canadian Northern railway policy for the Fort McMurray country when the legislature convenes this fall is increasing. Sir William McKenzie, who paid a short visit to Edmonton on his way east from the coast, told a reporter who interviewed him that he had seen Premier Sifton in the east when the premier was on his way home from the coronation. He declined to say whether or not a railway policy for the Fort McMurray country was discussed, but when questioned about the proposed lines which the C. N. R. at the next session of the legislature will make application to build, he said he presumed that the line described as running from a point at or near Edmonton west of Lac La Biche to a point on a road branching off from the Athabasca Landing line now under construction, toward Fort McMurray, would follow the route of the defunct Alberta and Great Waterways railway.

"Will the construction of this line be proceeded with next summer?" Sir William was asked. "I am not sure," he replied, explaining that he referred to the Alberta and Great Waterways railway in speaking of "the other line."

In reply to a question as to whether litigation in connection with the Alberta and Great Waterways would affect the C. N. R. company's programme of construction on the C. N. R. line to McMurray, Sir William answered that he did not expect that it would make any material difference with it.

KING ALFONSO HONORS FOE

"We May All Have to be Republicans Soon," Says Young Spanish Sovereign

Madrid.—A notable incident took place recently when King Alfonso, who is on a visit here, received on board the royal yacht, Giraldia, Don Lina Rúa, an ardent republican.

King Alfonso had been made honorary president of the Sociedad Venatoria, a shooting club, of which Señor Rúa is president, and it was the latter's duty to present to the king the diploma and insignia of the club.

On being acquainted by his entourage with Señor Rúa's political conviction, King Alfonso said: "It matters not to me. Let him pass. I prefer that every one should think as he pleases." As soon as Señor Rúa came on board, King Alfonso came forward, and, shaking him warmly by the hand, said: "I have the greatest pleasure in receiving you."

"Your political opinions," added King Alfonso, "can be no obstacle to my receiving you with the same affection as I do others, and with even more pleasure. I am monarchist because I was born a king, otherwise nobody knows what my opinions might have been. Who knows but that very soon we shall all have to be republicans?"

American Red Cross to Aid Chinese

Washington.—The American National Red Cross announced recently that it is prepared to receive and forward any contributions by the public for the famine sufferers in China. A statement compiled from official returns, showing woeful conditions along the Yang Tse river as the result of the great floods which extended 1,000 miles from Hankow to Shanghai.

The present disaster covers many times the area devastated by last year's floods, which affected between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 people, and even should the waters subside in time for the second planting of the rice crop, the destitution must be enormous owing to the destruction of the present crop and the approach of the winter season.

Census Returns Soon

Ottawa, Ont.—Census returns for the whole of the Dominion of Canada ought to be complete shortly now. Returns are still coming in, and yet it is impossible to judge what the population of Canada will be.

Employees of the census department, who have an insight into census matters, have got up a guessing contest to be decided by the results of census. The favorite figures are around 8,000,000 although they go even higher.

Rush to Canada

Chicago, Ill.—Governors John Shafroth, of Colorado; James A. Hawley, of Idaho, and J. M. Carey, of Wyoming, held a conference with A. B. Hulitt, commissioner-general of the National Association of Immigration officials, here recently. As members of the advisory board of the association, the three state executives discussed plans for stopping the emigration to Canada of western farmers. The organization will spend \$1,000,000 to advertise the advantages of various sections of the United States for home-making purposes.

The Unionist Papers Rejoice

London, Eng.—Nearly all the Unionist papers exult over the defeat of reciprocity and think it will hasten on imperial reciprocity. Some of the more moderate papers express regret at the retirement of such an ardent imperialist as Laurier and think the indiscretion of American papers was largely responsible for the result.

Stolypin Was Greatly Mourned

Kiev, Russia.—The funeral of Premier Stolypin was held recently in the Pechersky ministry, and was the occasion of universal mourning. Deputations came to Kiev from all parts of the empire to attend the ceremony, and laid more than two hundred wreaths on the catafalque.

116,000 Britishers Emigrate

London.—This year to date 116,000 Britishers have emigrated to Canada.

GAVE U. S. A SHOCK

PRESIDENT TAFT IS NOW IN A BAD PREDICAMENT

The Canadian Elections Have Added One More Failure to His Record—Has Not Succeeded in Reducing the Tariff, and the Cost of Living is on the Increase—Line Between U.S. and Canada Remains as of Old

Washington.—The administration and standpat Republican statesmen, who stood by President Taft, are amazed over the extent of the overwhelming defeat of reciprocity in Canada. Whether Taft succeeds himself in the White House, or a Democrat gets in, the line between Canada and the United States will remain as of old.

The tremendous defeat is the biggest fact that has been projected into the United States political situation since the Republican defeat in the congressional election in 1896. When President Taft was elected on a plea of revising the tariff downward, the country negotiated the reciprocity treaty. That treaty served to split his own party wider than the tariff session had split it. Now Canada rejects the treaty so that Mr. Taft is left with no assets to offset that liability. It is too early for an appraisal of political effects and indications. He predicted that by the election of 1912 reciprocity would so far have disproved, by its operations, the forebodings of its opponents that it would not be discussed at all. While the landslide against the pact cannot but give Americans a shock, the result manifestly represents a political situation against the United States must necessarily be a matter of conjecture for some time. The surprise is so great that it will be necessary for political consideration to readjust itself to a realization of what has happened. The one thing that seems certain is that President Taft must stand before the country with one more failure to his credit. That this possibility influenced the result in Canada will make little difference. That he carried his pact through a generally unfriendly congress, will be of small benefit to him now. Nothing succeeds like success or fails harder than failure.

With the country bent on tariff revision, and with the high cost of living making the demand increasingly acute for years, President Taft failed to produce a revision that satisfied the country. That was proved by the election results of a year ago.

STARVATION POOR MAN'S FATE

The Cost of Food in the United States is Reaching Prohibitive Prices

New York.—Prices of food products are soaring so fast that it is being asserted in wholesale circles recently that within another month the attitude record of a year ago would be exceeded and that by the first of the year the necessities of life would be out of reach of the common people. Wholesale dealers made no effort to minimize the situation. It was the most serious they said, and few had any reasonable excuse or explanation to offer. Sugar is higher than since civil war days, coffee is daily advancing, eggs and butter are already almost prohibitive, the garden variety of potatoes are selling for \$4 for 105 pounds, cabbages are bringing not less than five cents a head wholesale, corn 2 cents an ear, Lima beans, \$2 a bushel, string beans \$1 a bushel, onions \$3 for 100 pounds, and eggs \$1 for a bushel crate, flour \$5.50 and \$6.50 a barrel and other necessities in proportion. Meat products of all kinds have jumped two cents since a week ago, and the wholesalers have been told by the packers that prices are sure to go higher. Poultry of all kinds is scarce and very high.

Plan to Welcome Duke of Connaught

Ottawa, Ont.—W. R. Baker, assistant to the president of the Canadian Pacific railway, held a conference with members of the civic reception committee and completed final arrangements for the reception to H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught.

The C. P. R. have planned elaborate decoration for the Union station, where the Royal party will arrive, and the company will work in connection with the city in the decorating of the streets in the vicinity.

The civic committee waited on several large firms, such as the Edwards company, which have suggested their intention of decorating their own premises. The government will decorate all public buildings.

British Empire Like Solar System

Melbourne, Australia.—Premier Fisher, interviewed by a labor newspaper, says, "The future relations of the home and overseas governments assumes the largest latitude of freedom within the respective states, and affectionate bonds of union for the common good of all. The best parallel I can give is the solar system where each planet has its own untrammelled orbit and is a world of itself yet indissolubly bound up with every other planet."

Big Reward Offered

Vancouver, B.C.—Upon instructions from the head office of the Bank of Montreal, it is announced here that the reward in connection with the robbery of the New Westminster branch has been increased to a total of \$32,000. A sum of \$5,000 will be paid for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the perpetrators, and 10 per cent. of the sum returned.

Cheng Tu Relieved

Chung King.—Cheng Tu, the capital of Sze-Chuan, which has been under siege by revolutionary forces for several weeks, has been relieved. Fifteen hundred troops have arrived here from Tibet. The foreigners are safe and the gates of the city have been reopened.

Fraser River C. N. R. Main Line

Edson.—All the main coast line of the Canadian Northern railway, between Edmonton and Port Mann on the Fraser river is now under contract. Two hundred miles of the road from the eastern entrance of the Yellowhead Pass westward has been let to the Cowan Construction company.

Kaiser Orders Statue

Berlin.—The German Emperor, who has more than once shown his fondness for reviving antiquated costumes, is now having a statue of himself in the style of a Roman emperor in the baroque style of Louis XVI. This will be presented to the Berlin Academy of Arts where it will adorn the assembly hall.

Railway Strike Called in Ireland

Dublin.—The Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants have called a general strike on the Irish railways. The Irish export trade by which the bulk of the people live, has practically ceased.

Italy's Profitable Lottery

Rome.—The government's rake-off in the state lottery during the past year was seven and a half million dollars. The investment of the people in tickets totalled eighteen and a half millions.

No man is so religious that he considers dying a pleasure.

A girl's sense of humor is badly warped if she marries for a joke.

TRUE TO HIS PRINCIPLES

Man Who Assassinated Stolypin Heard Death Sentence Without Tremor

Kiev, Russia.—Dimitry Bogroff, the assassin of Premier Stolypin, was tried by court martial and sentenced to death by hanging. Bogroff shot M. Stolypin during a gala performance at the opera, and the premier succumbed to the wound. Emperor Nicholas, the heir apparent, and the Grand-Duchesses Olga, Tatiana Marie and Anastasia, who occupied the imperial box, witnessed the shooting. Bogroff is about 24 years old and a graduate of Kiev university. He was a member of the secret police and also a revolutionist and is said to have been assigned to the murderous task by the revolutionary organization. The court martial was attended by twenty officials, six of them having witnessed the shooting, among them was the Minister of Justice, Chichegolvitov. In view of Bogroff's plea of guilty, however, none of them were called to stand, and only Col. Kulabko, chief of the secret police, was examined. It was through the instrumentality of Kulabko that Bogroff gained admittance to the theatre to assassinate M. Stolypin. Bogroff declined counsel. Everyone was amazed at his calmness and firmness of his voice as he related the history of his life. He also described how he had deceived the police in getting the opportunity to assassinate the premier, but did not betray anyone. He heard the sentence of death pronounced without even a tremor.

SIR R. HART DEAD

Britisher Who Introduced Many Reforms Into China

London.—Sir Robert Hart, director-general of customs in China from 1901 to 1908, and inspector-general since 1863, died recently. Sir Robert had been living in England since his retirement from the Chinese service because of ill health.

Sir Robert Hart, who was an Irishman by birth, had been in the Chinese maritime custom service since 1859. He was among the first to be the most potent link between China and the western world. He created its customs service; he gave China a comprehensive tariff; and was behind practically every commercial treaty that China made prior to 1908, when he returned to England because of ill health.

Soon after his return, he retired from the Chinese service. He was secretary to the commission of allies which met in Canton in 1858. He entered the Chinese customs service as deputy commissioner the next year. After being advanced to the post of inspector-general of customs in 1863, he re-organized the service on modern lines.

Chinese and Malay pirates at that time made Chinese waters unsafe to commerce. Hart equipped a large fleet of steamers to hunt the pirates down. He established lighthouses, and, later, a postal service. In recognition of his innumerable services, he received the greatest honors in the gift of the Chinese government.

MEDICINE HAT BOY GETS MEDAL

Norman Rossiter, Boy Scout, Honored for Saving Man from Drowning in Saskatchewan

Ottawa, Ont.—His Majesty King George V., sovereign head and patron of the Grand Priory Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem, in England, has approved of the following honors to be conferred upon officers of the Canadian branch of the St. John Ambulance association:

Knights of Grace, Dr. F. Montizambert, I.S.D., president of the Canadian branch, Ottawa; Col. G. Carleton Jones, D.G.M.S., Ottawa; Col. Hon. J. M. Gibson, Lt.-governor of Ontario; Sir Edward H. Clouston, Montreal.

The St. John Ambulance association is the ambulance department of the Grand Priory and the Canadian branch, whose headquarters are in Ottawa, and has been making splendid progress during the past year in the establishment of classes for teaching of first aid to the injured, home-curing hygiene and sanitation.

The following awards of honors have been approved by his excellency Earl Grey, chief scout of the Canadian Boy Scouts:

Norman Rossiter, Medicine Hat, Alta., for saving the life of George Cockley, who fell from a balloon into the Saskatchewan river, awarded a silver medal.

Norman Thompson, Chatham, Ont., for saving the life of Alex. MacFarlane, jr., in the Thames river, awarded a silver medal.

United States and Japan

Chicago, Ill.—"I think a perfect treaty has been arranged between the United States and Japan, and that the Japanese war scare has been buried forever," said Viscount Yasuya Uchida, Japan's ambassador at Washington, who stopped over in Chicago recently en route to Tokio. Having consummated the recent treaty between his nation and the United States, Uchida is returning to Japan to become the minister of foreign affairs.

"The relations between the United States and Japan have been put on a perfect basis, and there is nothing more to wish in this regard," he said. "We regretted much to leave Washington after our two years' stay in the capital."

Says Bryce is in Delicate Position

London.—The Daily Mail and some of the other newspapers attributed the unexpected reaction in Canada to the fact that the Canadian people were alarmed by the indiscreet utterances of American statesmen and newspapers about annexation. The paper declares that Canada has rendered an incomparable service to the empire, and gave the British people a tonic in an hour of internal strife and depression. The Morning Post points out that one effect of the election has been to place Ambassador Bryce in a delicate position.

Will Purchase Wheat by Weight

Lima, Ohio.—Wheat will hereafter be purchased by weight instead of by measure by grain buyers in this section of Ohio, was a decision reached by the meeting of the Northwestern Ohio Grain Dealers' association held here recently. It was pointed out in a speech that the United States and Great Britain are the only nations, among the grain growing countries, who still use the measure system.

Oriente Demand American Flour

Seattle, Wash.—Prices of wheat stiffened here, responding to the markets of the middle west. The demand for flour in the Orient already has created a brisk market and the tendency upward even while it was expected that reciprocity would carry. So pressing is the demand for flour from China and Japan that Seattle millers now are booking orders as far distant as January.

THE TERMS OF PEACE

GERMAN WAR SCARE HAS FINALLY DISAPPEARED

The British Foreign Office is Now Satisfied That There Will Be No War—Germany is Not Ready to Fight and the Anglo-French Alliance is Too Strong Financially for the Teutons.

London.—All danger of a Franco-German war over the latest Moroccan entanglement is known in government circles here to have passed with the dispatch of France's reply to Germany's last note concerning a settlement. The government has been kept informed as to every stage of the negotiations and it is stated on the highest Downing street authority that even in the smallest details the Berlin and Paris cabinets are in accord concerning Morocco. The settlement for the Congo of portion of the French Congo to Germany are yet to be disposed of, but as this amounts only to a question of selecting suitable phraseology, there is no possibility that any further difficulty will be involved.

The French note was dispatched as drafted by Premier Caillaux and Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Selves. This meeting was held at President Raymond Poincaré's residence at Rambouillet, with all the ministers in attendance. The text of the reply is still kept secret, but the English government has been consulted from the very first by any step has been taken by its ally, France, and the information given out from official sources may be accepted implicitly. It is not to be supposed that either France or England is placed at the necessity of making concessions to Germany. Nor, indeed, it is understood, is Germany particularly gratified at being driven by financial pressure to modify its original demands upon the Gallic government. England and France feel on the one side, that Germany forced itself into a situation which did not concern it and insisted on compensation for nothing whatever. On the other hand, the Germans were undoubtedly coerced into comparative moderation by the threats of English and French capitalists, who are enormous creditors of the fatherland, to force a Teutonic default on its securities amounting to many millions of marks.

Germany will neither receive so large a share of influence as it desired in Morocco, nor so ample a slice of the French Congo as it desired.

France and England consider that the kaiser is not entitled to any concessions whatever. Partly from financial considerations and partly because of its navy is in no condition to be matched against England, Germany could go to no extremes. England to be sure, is far more than a match for Germany by sea, and from its insular position safe from German attack on land, but realizes that a clash such as threatened over Morocco would have spelled destruction for its ally, France, in whose welfare English interests are bound up to an enormous extent.

Though a settlement is unquestionably certainly so far as the present complication is concerned, officialdom here is far from sanguine concerning the future. It is considered that the German attitude toward Morocco leaves no doubt of the kaiser's determination to break the Anglo-French alliance by persistent annoyance of France, a course of persecution which he thinks England will be unable to put a stop to, until France disgusted with a partner who makes many demands on France's good will, but is never prepared to give anything in return, drops out of the combination and perhaps even joins forces with Germany.

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English Press on Elections

View Largely Determined by the Political Leanings of Paper

London.—The Yorkshire Post says: "The political consequences of Canada's decision may be more important than the economic ones, as when a proposal of marriage is rejected by a lady. There is a real danger lest the effect may be a revival of the jealousies and suspicions which accompanied the denunciation of the Elgin treaty."

The Manchester Guardian says: "With the failure of the reciprocity scheme, the Democratic prospects of victory next year increase, and if they win they are sure to take large steps towards the lowering of the tariff. Whatever the United States may do, however, the result in Canada points towards a vigorous war between manufacturing and agricultural interests. We should be surprised if Borden obtained the consent of the protectionist manufacturers to give what the farmers would have been prepared to grant."

The Birmingham Daily Post says that the cause of imperial amity is the cause of imperial preference. "If we are given another chance to repair errors which obliged our overseas kinsmen to a test of their loyalty by an amount of their self-sacrifice which they ought not to have been called upon to make."

The Standard Daily Telegraph says: "The cynic who declared that all imperialism is on this side of the water have been magnificently refuted. Britain once more has a chance of filling her pockets and benefitting the empire."

Several London correspondents of the provincial papers predict that Clifford Sifton will now succeed Strathcona.

BANDIT COLQUHOUN DEAD

Bill Miner's Pal Succumbed to Tuberculosis in New Westminster Penitentiary Hospital

New Westminster.—Louis Colquhoun, bandit, who figured in the public eye in 1905 in holding up a west-bound express on the C. P. R. near Ducks, B. C., died in the New Westminster hospital recently. Colquhoun was a pal of Bill Miner and Shorty Dunn in this holdup. The trio were captured later by the Mounted Police after a hard fight in the foothills near Kamloops. Miner and Dunn were sentenced to imprisonment, and Colquhoun was given twenty-five years.

A few months ago Colquhoun's health became impaired, and tuberculosis hastened his end. He was thirty-four years of age and unmarried. His people were respectable farming folks, living near Clifford, Ontario, and he himself was a school teacher and later book-keeper before he went wrong. His mother is in this city and taking the remains east for burial.

Marquis Was Big Game Hunting

Wilmer, B. C.—The Marquis of Stafford, eldest son of the duke of Sutherland, who has been enjoying a week's hunting of big game in the Windermere district, left per motor car recently for Golden, whence he journeys west to join his father at Ashcroft. He was accompanied throughout his tour here by Dr. Paul O. Faber, of New York.

Famine Feared in Manila

Manila.—The danger of famine in the Philippines on account of the failure of the rice crop has become so threatening that Governor-General Forbes, recently decided to order the purchase by the government of a shipload of the cereal in Bangkok. The cargo will be sold to the people at cost.

Scrutineer Kills Man

Edmonton, Alta.—Voluntarily giving himself up to the mounted police, Frank Bancey, a scrutineer, confessed to shooting a Belgian who refused to leave the poll at McKay, ninety miles west on the G. T. F. after 5 o'clock on polling day.

Earthquake Shock in Alaska

Seattle, Wn.—A strong earthquake shock was felt in the Prince William Sound country, of Alaska recently, but its extent cannot be learned because the earthquake severed the cable connecting Sitka and Valdez, 100 miles south of the latter place.

Reindeer For Mounted Police

Winnipeg.—Two carloads of reindeer are now in transit over the Canadian Northern railway en route for Edmonton. The deer are destined for Fort Smith, Alta., for the use of the Northwest Mounted Police. They come from Labrador, and are being shipped by the Dominion government.

Dislikes Titles

London.—The Cape Town Volkskeet a leading government paper condemns colonial acceptance of titles as tending to the snobbishness which taints English society and compliments General Botha for withstanding such a temptation.

Evan Britain Has Accidents

London.—The British admiralty's first airship broke in the centre while being launched at Barrow recently. The accident was due to the collapse of the gas bag. The airship was wrecked, but no one was injured.

Nephew of Steel King

Edson, Alta.—Frank Carnegie, nephew of the Scottish-American steel king, who visited Jasper Park this summer, will be here again shortly on a big game-hunting expedition.

Will Utilize Troops

London.—The war office has ordered half a railway corps from Aldershot to Ireland to work the mail trains and the trains engaged in the transportation of troops.

anyway, a rolling stone scatters the dust.

Genius is more plentiful than plain common sense.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON I.—FOURTH QUARTER, FOR OCT. 1, 1911.

Text of the Lesson, Ezek. iii, 12-21. Memory Verses, 17-19—Golden Text, Ezek. iii, 17—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

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The Name "COCKSHUTT" Stands For all That is Good in Plows and Agricultural Implements

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Well, Well!

THIS is a HOME DYE that ANYONE can use.

I dyed ALL these DIFFERENT KINDS of Goods with the SAME Dye. I used

DYOLA

ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

CLEAN and SIMPLE to Use.

NO chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods one has to color. All colors from your Druggist or Dealer. FREE Color Card and STORY Booklet 10c. The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.

A New Horse or Kendall's Spavin Cure?

Save the difference between the cost of a good horse and \$1.00—the cost of a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure.

You can cure a Spavin, Splint, Ringbone, Bony Growth or Lameness, with it, like thousands have done. Read these letters—they will prove that Kendall's is

The One Safe, Reliable Cure.

Case No. 100, Dec. 18th, 1910. I have been using your Spavin Cure for a number of years with good results, having during that time cured a spavin on a valuable horse and have also treated bruises, swellings, etc. Sincerely, W. W. Brown, Content, Ala., writes, July 18th, 1910. "I have used your Spavin Cure for years, and have completely cured most but in my kind of case, and Spavin and Spavin on horses. I find that it cures whatever it is faithfully applied."

No need to worry about your horse if you have a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure. Use it as directed. Get a bottle from your druggist at once. Don't take a substitute. The great benefit "Treatise on the Horse," free of charge, asks or write to Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., Rosburg Falls, Va.

Silver Pine Healing Oil Healed a Barb-Wire Cut without leaving a scratch

Mrs. Kate McNamee, of Mowbray, Man., writes:

"Please send me a bottle of your Silver Pine Healing Oil. I had a cut last winter with a barb wire—I used half a bottle and it healed up and didn't leave a scratch. Now I have another cut that has got out that I calculate to heal with what is left, but I would like to have you send me another bottle if I should happen to need it, for I think I could not get on without it."

For all kinds of wounds, bruises, burns and sores on animals or human beings, Silver Pine Healing Oil is a quick, safe and wonderful healer. Keep a bottle on hand for times of need. In 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 bottles, at your dealer's or from the International Stock Feed Co., Limited, Toronto, Can.

What He Wanted

"I want to see Miss Gladys," "What do you want to see her about?" "To ask her if she is going to be married. Now, why can't I see her?" "Because she is engaged." "Thanks. That's just what I wanted to know."—Baltimore American.

No matter how large a girl's hat may be, it doesn't protect her lips on a moonlight night.

Shoe Polish

PLEASE everybody.

Is used by men, women and children in all parts of the World. There is a reason.

Its superiority over other kinds.

Contains nothing injurious to leather, but gives a hard, brilliant and lasting polish.

It is good for your shoes.

THE F. F. DALLEY CO., Limited, HAMILTON, Ont., BUFFALO, N. Y. and LONDON, Eng.

COLOR AND SOUND.

Muse That Are Unseen and Tones That Are Unheard.

The primary colors shown in the rainbow vary from red to blue and violet, and the vibrations or lengths of the light waves that give us violet grow shorter and shorter and at length give us red. These vibrations can be measured. One day, quite by chance, I came across the statement that there were innumerable light waves longer than those which give violet. At once the question sprang, Were these longer waves represented by colors which we don't see, colors for which we have no name, colors of which we can form no conception? And was the same thing true of the waves which, growing shorter and shorter, give us the sensation of red? There is room, of course, for myriads of colors beyond this other extremity of our vision. A little study convinced me that my guess was right, for all the colors which we see are represented to our sense of feeling in degrees of heat; that is, blue shows one reading on the thermometer and red a higher reading, and by means of this new standard I discovered that man's range of vision is not even placed in the middle of the register of heat, but occupies a little space far up toward the warmer extremity of it. There are thousands of degrees of cold lower than blue and hundreds of degrees of heat above red. All these gradations are doubtless represented by colors which no human eye can perceive, no human mind imagine. It is with sight as with sound. We know now that there are noises louder than thunder which we cannot hear, the roar that lies on the other side of silence. We men are poor restless prisoners, hemmed in by our senses as by the walls of a cell, hearing only a part of nature's orchestra and that part imperfectly; seeing only a thousandth part of the color marvels about us and seeing that infinitesimal part incorrectly and partially.—Forum.

THE DEATH OF A CZAR.

Dramatic Story of the Way Nicholas I. Committed Suicide.

There are various stories of the death of the Czar Nicholas I. Here is one which the great singer, Mario heard from a doctor of the court and which is told in "The Romance of a Great Singer."

"When the Russian army was meeting with reverse after reverse in the Crimean war the czar sent for his doctor and demanded to know which was the quickest and most painless poison that he knew of, bluntly telling the startled physician that he had resolved to commit suicide. He further warned the doctor in the stern manner which was his characteristic that if he were not obeyed the doctor's life would be worthless. He sharply silenced the man's nervous remonstrances and commanded him to bring the poison. The doctor did not dare to refuse and a few minutes later brought a small vial containing the poison, which he assured the czar would deprive any one of existence in a few minutes. To be sure that he had been obeyed and that the doctor was speaking the truth the czar obliged him to remain in the room warning him that if the poison failed his life should answer for it. The czar took the poison without the least tremor or the movement of a muscle, and, although twice told by the doctor, who held his watch in his hand, that there was time to save him by an antidote should he alter his mind, the czar refused, answering the second entreaty by simply waving the man away, he by that time being unable to speak. It was given out that the czar had died from the effects of a severe chill, but those who knew the facts also knew that he had committed suicide rather than face the defeat of his army."

MIGHTY ARCTURUS.

If This Star Were Our Sun It Would Instantly Consume the Earth.

The parallax of a star is its angular displacement as seen from two opposite points on the earth's orbit. The base line employed in this gigantic species of surveying is 184,000,000 miles in length, but the calculation is reduced to the semidiameter of the orbit. The results are at the same time amazing and instructive.

Let us take the famous star Arcturus, often called the "star of Job" because in the Old Testament the unfortunate patriarch, who maintains a certain dignity in spite of his helplessness and his sufferings, "Canst thou call forth Arcturus and his sons?"

Many conflicting measures of the parallax of Arcturus have been made, but the latest made at Yale seem more probably correct than their predecessors. They fix the parallax at 0.003 seconds—i. e., sixty-six one-thousandths of a second of arc. From this it is easy to calculate the distance of the star. It comes out at nearly 200,000,000,000 miles (two hundred and ninety trillion miles). This is more than 3,000,000 times the distance of the earth from the sun.

Having this distance, we can calculate the actual amount of light shed by Arcturus, or, in other words, its actual brightness as compared with that of our sun, on the supposition that both were at the same distance from us. We thus find that Arcturus exceeds the sun as a light giver about 2,500 times! It is a sun 2,500 times brighter than ours.

Put the earth as near to Arcturus as it is to the sun and all life would disappear from its surface as if swept off by a blast of inconceivable heat. The summer temperature would rise to tens of thousands of degrees. The oceans would boil away. Vegetation would be burned up in a twinkling. The eyes of living beings would char in their sockets. The plains and mountains would burst into flame. Minerals would run in molten streams. There would be no comfort for a living world nearer to Arcturus than about 4,000,000,000 miles. If he has planets he must keep them at a respectable distance. And yet nearly 300,000,000,000 miles from him we can look into his blazing eye and see only a bright star.

Still, Dr. Alfred Russel Wallace maintains that this little earth, this tiny attendant of a tiny sun, is the only seat of intelligent life—outside of the misty midregion of disembodied spirits—that the universe contains, and Dr. Wallace is a learned man. But his learning is not that which astronomy offers.—Garrett P. Serviss in New York American.

Unavoidable Delay.

A woman went before the magistrate and modestly inquired: "Your honor, can I have a warrant for the arrest of my husband? He boxed my ears yesterday."

"Certainly, ma'am," replied the judge. "I will make out a warrant on the ground of assault and personal injuries."

"Can I fetch the warrant in about a month?"

"In a month? Why won't you take it at once?"

"Please, your honor, when my husband slapped my face I took my rolling pin and hit him on the head so that he had to be removed to the hospital. The doctors say, however, that he will be on his legs again in a month."

Discarding an Astrologer.

A certain king, says a tale from the Persian, asked an astrologer, "How many years of life remain to me?" The wise man replied, "Ten." The king became very despondent and betook himself, as one stricken with a sickness, to his bed. His vizier, who possessed great wisdom, sent for the seer and in the king's presence asked him, "How many years have you to live?" He replied, "Twenty." The vizier ordered that he should that very hour be executed in the king's presence. The king was satisfied and commended the sagacity of his minister and no longer attached any importance to the astrologer's saying.

Getting Into German.

In the use of legal terms the German lawyer's gain in a saving of number of words over our equivalent expressions seems to be lost in multiplication of syllables in the words used by him. For example, he says "Zurückbehaltungsrecht" for "right of lien" and "Rechtsanwaltsverbindungskette" for "liabilities of common property." What an awful word he must have as an equivalent for our "impressibility."—Docket.

Rung In an Actor.

"How do you enjoy the vaudeville performance?"

"It was good. They had performing cats, a baseball player, a champion pugilist, a trained cockatoo, and I give you my word, they even had an actor doing a turn."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Way They Have.

People are forever striving to get things for nothing and then failing to appreciate them because they didn't cost anything.—Chicago Record-Herald.

An Ominous Motto

Among the presents lately showered upon a dusky bride in a rural section of Virginia was one that was the gift of an old woman with whom both bride and groom were favorites.

Some time ago, it appears, the old woman accumulated a supply of cardboard mottoes, which she worked and had framed as occasion arose.

So it happened that in a neat combination of blues and reds, suspended by a cord of orange, there hung over the table whereon the other presents were displayed for the delectation of the wedding guests this motto: "Fight on, Fight Ever."—Lippincott's.

You Can See How It Heals

No Question or Doubt as to the Healing Power of

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

To people who have used internal treatment in an effort to cure eczema it is almost beyond belief what benefit can be obtained by a few applications of this soothing, healing ointment.

It is seldom that the cause of eczema can be determined, but one thing is certain, the itching must be stopped and the sores healed up.

These results are secured by the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. The itching is relieved almost instantly, and you will be surprised at the healing which will take place overnight. A little patience and persistent treatment with Dr. Chase's Ointment will give you more practical and definite results than a whole lot of dosing with internal medicines. You can see how the Ointment heals. The other is guesswork.

Mr. Geo. Peterson, South Bay, Ont., writes: "I wish to communicate to you the great benefit I received from using Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. For years I suffered with a great skin disease on my head, a sort of eczema. I tried four doctors, giving each a fair trial, but got no better. In fact, the disease spread to my left arm."

"I saw Dr. Chase's Ointment advertised and began using it. Persistent use of this treatment has entirely cured me, and I give you a statement of my case with pleasure, as I hope thereby to induce some other sufferer to try the same Dr. Chase's Ointment."

Because this ointment has made its world-wide reputation by curing the most severe and long-standing cases of eczema and piles is no reason why you should overlook its scores of uses in the relief of itching and irritation of the skin.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Misguided Energy

"I am bound to make a noise in the world," said the determined youth.

"But be careful how you go about it," replied Mr. Osage Spouter. "An amateur with a bass drum can spoil the finest symphony ever written."—Washington Star.

Revive the Jaded Condition.—When energy flags and the cares of business become so onerous that the whole system is out of order and there is general depression, try Parmentier's Vegetable Pills. They will regulate the action of a deranged stomach and a disordered liver, and make you feel like a new man. No one need suffer a day from debilitated digestion when so simple and effective a pill can be got at any drug store.

Socrates lifted the cup and took a sip. "What's this stuff?" he asked, petulantly. "It's hemlock," they explained. "Oh, that's all right then," he remarked. "I thought Xantippe was sending me another of those healthful substitutes for coffee."—Life.

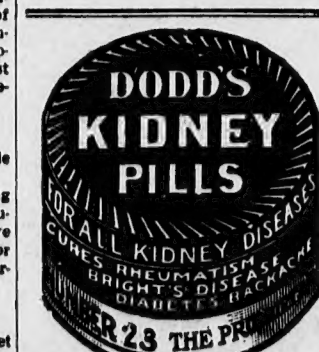
Minard's Liniment cures burns, etc.

"Do these city boarders of yours make themselves at home?" asked the neighbor. "Nope," replied Farmer Cornstossel. "Some o' them would never think of actin' the way they do if they was in their own homes."—Washington Star.

The only unformal endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holways' Corn Cure and get relief.

"Which would you rather achieve, wealth or fame?" "I don't know," replied the matter-of-fact person. "It depends on whether you prefer being asked to write in a cheque book or an autograph album."—Washington Evening Star.

"I suppose the young man was whispering soft nothings on the pier last night." "No, auntie, he isn't that kind of a young man. He was telling me all about the filled cheese business."—Louisville Courier-Journal.



W. N. U., No. 864.

HIS DOLLAR BILL.

He Tried to Bestow It in Charity, but It Went Astray.

Diplomacy doesn't always work, as a certain kind hearted business man in West Philadelphia has just found out. He says that the lesson was cheap at the price, but at the same time he will employ more direct methods next time he wishes to play the philanthropist.

It happened on the subway the other night. He had just closed a real estate deal at considerable profit and was feeling very generous, so when he saw a poor woman in a threadbare dress carefully count out five pennies for her ticket and saw that it was the last money in her worn pocketbook he determined to help her. Of course it wasn't easy, but the man prides himself upon being a diplomat. So, crumpling a dollar bill up in his hand, he stooped over as if picking something up and then, holding it out to the woman, said:

"Madam, here is some money you dropped." He tried to smile significantly as he said it, but she didn't seem to understand and said simply:

"Tain't mine."

"You'd better take it," he said. "It isn't mine, and it was lying right by you."

The woman shook her head at first, then took it slowly out of his hand and looked at it gloatingly. The man smiled, well pleased with himself, but an instant later the woman, seeing a man looking down at the platform, rushed up and cried, "Was you looking for a dollar bill?"

"I sure was," answered the man promptly.

"Well, here it is," said the woman; and the man with a delighted "Oh, thanks!" calmly pocketed the sum and walked away.—Philadelphia Times.

FIRE EATERS.

The Trick of Breathing Flames and Sparks From the Mouth.

Fire tricks were practiced in very ancient times. The first known fire breather was a Syrian slave named Eunus, a leader in the Servile war in Sicily, 130 B. C. He pretended to have immediate communication with the gods. When desirous of inspiring his followers with courage he breathed flames and sparks from his mouth.

In order to accomplish this feat Eunus pierced a nutshell at both ends, and, having filled it with some burning substance, he put it in his mouth and breathed through it. The same trick is performed today in a more approved manner. The performer rolls some flax or hemp into a ball about the size of a walnut, which he lets burn until it is nearly consumed. Then he rolls around it more flax while it is still burning. By this means the fire is retained in the ball for a long time. He slips this ball into his mouth unperceived and breathes through it. His breath revives the fire, and he sustains no injury so long as he inhales only through his nostrils.

Various theories have been advanced to account for other feats of this sort performed by the ancients. An old ordeal was the holding of a red-hot iron by the accused, who was not burned if he were innocent. Probably some protective paste was used on the hands. The peculiar property of mineral salts, such as alum, in protecting articles of dress from fire has long been known. An old Milanese devised a costume consisting of a cloth covering for the body which had been steeped in alum. A metallic dress of wire gauze was added to this, and thus protected a man might walk on hot iron.—Harper's.

London's Dramatic Censors. London has had its absurd dramatic censors even if it cannot quite come up to Vienna. Colley Cibber in his autobiography tells us of one master of the revels who was responsible for the licensing of plays in those days expunging the whole first act of "Richard III." on the ground that the distresses of Henry VI. would remind weak people of King James, then living in France. In fact, Shakespeare has more than once been censored, for "King Lear" was inhibited during the illness of George III. George Colman when reader of plays banned the use of such words as angel and heaven.—London Chronicle.

To Make Him Sleep.

"Unfit for duty because of insomnia" was the record of a New York policeman for several weeks.

Inspector Byrnes sent for the man and gave him a little bit of advice, thus: "Tonight, about midnight, put on your uniform, belt, hat, revolver, take night stick in hand and go to some corner house. Lean against it, and lean against it hard, as if you were really on duty. You'll go to sleep, all right."—New York Tribune.

No Skill Required.

Litigant—Your fee is outrageous. Why, it's more than three-fourths of what I recovered. Lawyer—I furnish the skill and the legal learning for your case. Litigant—But I furnished the case. Lawyer—Oh, anybody can fall down a coal hole!—Boston Transcript.

Alarmed Her.

Servant—Heaven! I have knocked the big flowerpot off the window ledge and it struck a man on the head. Mistress—What! My beautiful majolica?—Fliegende Blätter.

A Friendly Suggestion.

Baron (to creditors)—I see no hopes of being able to pay what I owe you. Why not organize a suicide club?—Meggendorfer Blätter.

A MARTYR TO HEADACHES?

NA-DRU-CO HEADACHE WAFERS

25c. a Box at your druggist's. will make life comfortable for you again. They relieve the worst headache in 30 minutes or less. National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited. Montreal.

A Bright Boy

In most regular lines of work the old hands usually try to play some joke on each new boy the starts in at the business. That bank clerk is no exception to this rule was indicated by a joke played on the new "junior" in a bank in Collingwood, says an eastern exchange.

The youngster was sent out to a merchant to collect two dollars on a draft, and he got back to the bank with two American silver dollars.

"Where did you get those cart-wheels?" asked the collection clerk. "Don't you know that they're worth only forty-eight cents each?"

The boy looked badly scared. "Better take them to the accountant," said the collection clerk. "But I guess he can't do anything for you."

"No, only worth forty-eight cents each," said the accountant. The boy was still more frightened so he took the big silver pieces home, intending to turn in two bills if he could persuade his father to let him have the bills.

Next morning the youngster turned in two Canadian bills. He had a big parcel under his arm, and he proudly exhibited to the clerks a great collection of ties, stockings, and other things to wear.

"Say," he said with a smile, "I put a good one over on that storekeeper down the line. I got him to give me two dollars' worth of stuff for those old cart-wheels."

Mail For The Murphys

A freckle-faced girl stopped at the post office and yelled out: "Anything for the Murphys?"

"No, there is not," said the postmaster.

"Anything for Jane Murphy?"

"Nothing."

"Anything for Ann Murphy?"

"No."

"Anything for Tom Murphy?"

"No."

"Anything for Bob Murphy?"

"Not a bit."

"Anything for Jerry Murphy?"

"Nothing at all."

"Anything for Lize Murphy?"

"No, nor Pat Murphy, nor Denis Murphy, nor Peter Murphy, nor Paul Murphy, nor John, Jack, nor Jim Murphy, nor any Murphy, dead, living, unborn, native or foreign, civilized, savage or barbarous, male or female, black or white, franchised or disfranchised, natural or otherwise. Not there is positively nothing, jointly, severally, now and forever."

The girl looked at the postmaster in astonishment, and said: "Please see if there is anything for Clarence Murphy."

A native of the Emerald Isle, who was ganger over a number of laborers, noticed one day while going his rounds some men working upon a scaffold. Thinking there were too many of them at the job, and at the same time wishing to show his authority, he cried out:

"How many of yez are up there?"

"Three," answered one of the navvies.

"Thin, begorra, the half of yez come down at once!"

A local doctor once sent his man with a box of pills to a patient, and a hamper containing six live pullets to be left at the house of a friend. Unluckily the messenger bungled over his errand, and took the hamper to the patient and the pills to his master's friend. Imagine the consternation of the patient on receiving along with the fowls the following prescription:

"Two of these to be swallowed every half-hour."

Young Hopeful.

"Father, what is a traitor in politics?" "A traitor is a man who leaves our party and goes over to the other one."

Young Hopeful—"Well, then, what is a man who leaves his party and comes over to yours?"

Veteran Politician—"A convert, my son."

"Miss Giggles has not a particle of tact." "What's she done?" "The other evening, when she was asked by Mr. Jaggles, who is notorious for not paying his debts, for a song, she went promptly to the piano and sang, 'Trust Him Not.'—Baltimore American.

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia

The impossible thing for a girl to do is to look unconcerned the first time she appears in public with an engagement ring on her finger.

The Gibsons are in easy circumstances, I believe.

"Yes, They can owe people money and feel easier about it than any others with whom I have ever had anything to do."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Nervous Angler (near fort practicing at target)—"I—I say! This is awfully dangerous!"

Old Salt—"Oh, it's all right, sir. There'd be an awful row if they sunk us."—Punch.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases, disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in the diseases of women.

It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system. THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which creates no craving for such stimulants.

THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle-wrapper and attest to the truthfulness of the same under oath.

It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine or known composition. No counterfeit is as good as the genuine and the druggist who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. See that you get what you ask for.





Prairie Lodge 44

Meets in
Masonic Hall, Gleichen,
Every Monday Evening at 8
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
R. N. NOTTER,
N. G.
F. STILL,
R. Secy.

A REPRESENTATIVE of the
Taube Optical Co.
132 Eighth Avenue, E., Calgary
Will VISIT GLEICHEN every
Two Months
For Dates enquire at Yates Drug Store

J. T. McALLOM HUGHES
M.R.C.V.S. (London)

**VETERINARY
SURGEON.....**

Gleichen and Strathmore

DENTIST

C. R. McIntyre, L.D.S., D.D.S.
Graduate Royal College Dental
Surgeons, Toronto

Dentistry Practiced in All Its
Branches

GAS ADMINISTERED
Office in Farquharson Block,
GLEICHEN

J. H. RILEY

General Blacksmithing
Repairing of All Kinds
Horseshoeing a Specialty

A TRIAL SOLICITOR

Gleichen, - - Alberta

LAST CHANCE RANCH

T. P. McHUGH, Proprietor,
QUEENSTOWN.



"BELLADOR" No. 25046.

Colts of 1904 1 on left shoulder.

Vent for above 1 on left hip.

Cattle Brand: 101 on left hip or left

ribs.

Calves of 1903: 101 on left hip and on

ribs.

Also owners of Horses branded JJ on

left shoulder.

Heavy Draft Horses for

Sale.

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA.

G. W. EVANS

UNDERTAKER

A complete stock of Coffins and

Caskets always on hand.

Embalming

Prompt and careful attention given

Office in

The Call Block, Gleichen

THE HUB

—

This is the Weather

To Visit Us

If You Enjoy

COOL DRINKS

and

COOL GAMES

—

Rochen's Ice Cream

Therefore the Best

—

E. URCH,

Proprietor

The Pony Express

Dad and Shorty,
Proprietors

COAL and DRAYING

and any other Old Thing you want
we are prepared to Supply or Do

We Furnish the Best Coal
at LOWEST PRICES

Just Send Word to Dad and
Shorty and IT will be
done in Gleichen

Phone 70

For Sale

160 Acres

9 miles east of Gleichen

3 miles north of Cluny

The S.E. 4 of Sec. 15, Tp. 22, Rge.

21, Mer. 4

Only \$22.00 per Acre

This Month Only.

A. Wertz,

Barber, Gleichen

TOWN OF GLEICHEN

BY-LAW NO. 28

A BY-LAW OF THE TOWN OF GLEICHEN to

raise the sum of Four Thousand Dollars to

pay the sum of Four Thousand Dollars to

the Town of Gleichen to raise by way of

tax on the property of the Municipality the

sum of Four Thousand Dollars to be used for

the purpose of raising the said sum, one or

more debentures in sums of not less than \$100

each of the said Town of Gleichen, to the

amount of \$4000 as aforesaid, shall be raised

in which this by-law takes effect, and

shall be payable in twenty equal consecutive

annual instalments of principal and interest

to the Canadian Bank of Commerce in the

town of Gleichen, Alberta.

2. Each of the said debentures shall be

signed by the Mayor and Secretary-treasurer

of the Town of Gleichen, and shall be sealed

with the seal of the Corporation of the Town

of Gleichen.

3. The said debentures shall bear interest at

the rate of six per centum per annum and

shall have attached to them coupons for the

payment of the annual instalment of principal

and interest, which coupons shall be signed

by the Mayor and Secretary-treasurer of the

Town of Gleichen.

4. The said money shall be expended in the

raising of streets and crossings and any work

connected therewith.

5. During the currency of the said debentures

there shall be raised annually by special

tax on all rateable property in the Town of

Gleichen the sum of \$348.74 for the purpose of

paying the amount of the annual instalment

of principal and interest in each of the said

years in respect of the said debt.

6. This by-law shall take effect and come

into force on the 5th day of October, A.D.

1911.

7. That the votes of the duly qualified electors

of the Town of Gleichen shall be taken on the

4th day of October, A.D. 1911, in the

office of Messrs. McKie & Henderson, on Crow

foot street, in the Town of Gleichen, commencing

at the hour of Nine o'clock in the forenoon

and continuing to the hour of Five o'clock in

the afternoon of the same day, and the Returning

Officer for taking the said votes shall be

Robert E. James.

8. The said Returning Officer shall sum up the

number of votes For and Against this by-

law on the 4th day of October, A.D. 1911, and

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

9. This by-law shall be finally considered by

the Council of the Town of Gleichen, and if

same shall have been assented to by the electors,

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

10. This by-law shall be finally considered by

the Council of the Town of Gleichen, and if

same shall have been assented to by the electors,

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

11. This by-law shall be finally considered by

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shall then be passed on the 4th day of

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McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

12. This by-law shall be finally considered by

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same shall have been assented to by the electors,

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

13. This by-law shall be finally considered by

the Council of the Town of Gleichen, and if

same shall have been assented to by the electors,

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

14. This by-law shall be finally considered by

the Council of the Town of Gleichen, and if

same shall have been assented to by the electors,

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

15. This by-law shall be finally considered by

the Council of the Town of Gleichen, and if

same shall have been assented to by the electors,

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

16. This by-law shall be finally considered by

the Council of the Town of Gleichen, and if

same shall have been assented to by the electors,

shall then be passed on the 4th day of

October, A.D. 1911, in the office of Messrs.

McKie & Henderson, at Crowfoot street, in the Town of Gleichen.

17. This by-law shall be finally considered by

the Council of the Town of Gleichen, and if

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MAGISTRATE CURED OF PILES & ECZEMA

One of the latest prominent gentlemen to speak highly in Zam-Buk's favour is Mr. C. E. Sanford of Weston, King's Co., N.S. Mr. Sanford is a Justice of the Peace for the County, and a member of the Board of School Commissioners. He is also Deacon of the Baptist Church in Berwick. Indeed it would be difficult to find a man more widely known and more highly respected. Here is his opinion of Zam-Buk. He says:—

"I never used anything that gave me such satisfaction as Zam-Buk. I had a pile of Eczema on my ankle which had been there for over 20 years. Sometimes the disease would break out on my shoulders. I had applied various ointments and tried all sorts of things to obtain a cure, but in vain. Zam-Buk, unlike everything else I had tried, proved highly satisfactory and cured the ailment. I have also used Zam-Buk for itching piles, and it has cured them completely. I have comfort in helping my brother men, and if the public at large of my opinion of the healing value of Zam-Buk will lead other sufferers to try it, I should be glad. For the relief of suffering caused by Piles or Skin Diseases I know of nothing to equal Zam-Buk."

Zam-Buk cures: ulcers, abscesses, blood-poison, ring-worm, festering or running sores, bad leg, varicose ulcers, eczema, prairie itch, cuts, burns, bites, baby's sores, etc. Fully detailed 600 box, drugstore and stores. Refuse imitations.

Zam-Buk

Blaming the Reporter

There is a certain kind of humor which wins its way more surely than any other policy. Sir John Macdonald was a master in its use, and seldom resorted to it in vain. On one occasion Sir John delivered an address, which, for some mysterious reason, was slightly incoherent. The following day, a newspaper man called on him and diffidently showed him certain notes which he had taken of the speech.

Sir John surveyed the notes for a moment and then turned to the reporter in a kind and fatherly manner. "Young man, will you let me give you a word of advice?"

"Certainly, Sir John," said the flattered scribe.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff

Was Expecting Trouble

I thought there would be trouble when you discovered that those two poker players were in collusion. "Yes," replied three-finger Sam. "It looked dangerous till they explained that they weren't cheating, but were merely operating under a gentleman's agreement."—Washington Star.

"Tell me, before it is too late," she pleaded, "if you have ever done anything that you regret." "Yes; there was one thing," he reluctantly admitted. "I once tried to rescue a man who had rocked a boat."—Chicago Record-Herald.

"And so this is the end," said the hero as he bent over the form of the dying heroine, while the orchestra played soft music.

"Thank heaven for that!" exclaimed a pathetic voice from the gallery.

Eczema Always Burning and Itching



Used Box of Cuticura Ointment and It Completely Disappeared.

"I have suffered from eczema for two years. The trouble began on one arm where there appeared a red spot of about a five-cent size, and it always widened, all the time itching and burning. The first day I did a cure, but seeing that it gained in size, I tried Cuticura and Ointment, but both without success. It was always burning and itching. Having seen in the newspaper the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies, I tried a little, and seeing that it improved, I bought a box of the Cuticura Ointment. After having used one box, my eczema completely disappeared. The Cuticura Ointment should be kept in every home." (Signed) N. Ostiguy, Marville, Que., Jan. 14, 1911.

A Generation of Success

For more than a generation Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have afforded the speediest and most economical treatment for itching, burning, scaly and bleeding skin and scalp humors, of young and old. A single set is often sufficient. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. For a liberal sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, postcard with 22-p. book on skin eruptions, send to Potter & Chem. Corp., sole props., 44 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

In Pitt's Day the Speaker kept him self Stimulated With Porter. The speaker of the English house of commons holds an enviable position today, but it was not until comparatively modern times that the speaker ceased to be a partisan, nor was his position always one of its present dignity. In the time of Pitt the speaker was accustomed to solace himself with a draft of porter.

Like and Prometheus fastened to the rock, in vain he looks for pity to the clock, in vain the effects of strengthening porter tries.

And nods to Belamy for fresh supplies. Manners were somewhat looser in those days than they are now. Pitt himself on one occasion showed signs of a too copious libation to the gods, and this gave rise to the celebrated couplet:

I cannot see the speaker, Hal. Can you? What! Cannot see the speaker? I see two.

It is said that on one occasion Mr. Disraeli arrived at the house somewhat "under the influence" and was so indiscreet as to attack Mr. Gladstone, then prime minister, upon some point of foreign policy. Mr. Gladstone replied wittily that "the right honorable gentleman evidently has sources of inspiration from which her majesty's ministers are debarred."—Argonaut.

AN HOUR OF THRILLS.

Shooting the Rapids of the Hotsu River, in Japan.

The rapids on the Hotsu river near Kyoto must fill even the most blasé of tourists with excitement. A train from Kyoto climbs slowly and painfully upward until finally it deposits its passengers at a quiet little siding.

From here, says the Wide World Magazine, one goes to the river bank and embarks in a rude, flat bottomed boat, which is pushed out by four men into the middle of a broad river, reed edged and sleepy.

For a few minutes one glides dreamily along; then, rounding a curve, one suddenly hears the roar of water, and the boat tears down a rapid, just missing the rocks on each side. The high banks race past, death appears imminent, and then, with one mad swirl, it is all over and the boat is on the quiet, untroubled stream once more.

This happens again and again for about an hour. At first one's whole mind is filled with the conviction that an accident must happen, but gradually comes a delicious feeling of safety as one notes the marvelous skill these men show in piloting the boat through the seething rapids and one is able to appreciate the beauty of the scene.

Lucien Bonaparte and Wellington. Lucien, whom I had never seen before his arrival in England, as he was in disgrace with the emperor, was said to be at least as able as his brother and to have more decision of character. I have heard it said that it was he who saved Napoleon on the 18th Brumaire, and, in fact, I had heard him greatly praised. My actual meeting with him, as often happens, did not come up to my expectations. He seemed to me cringing in his manners and false in his look. He is like Napoleon in the outward shape of his features—not at all in expression. I saw him last year, at a concert at the Duchesse de Caumont's, beg her to introduce him to the Duke of Wellington, who was present. I saw him cross the room and come up bowing and scraping to be presented to the victor of Waterloo, whose reception was as cold as such baseness deserved. —From Memoirs of Duchesse de Digne.

An Ancient Rain Gauge.

The credit of inventing the rain gauge has always been given to Castelli, a contemporary of Galileo, who made one in 1639, but the director of the Korean meteorological observatory, Dr. Y. Wada, has shown that it is due to a Korean king. The latter, King Sejo, in the year 1442 caused an instrument of bronze to be constructed to measure the rain, and it is set out in the historical records of Korea that this was a vase fifteen inches deep and seven inches in diameter, placed upon a pillar. An example of this was placed in the observatory, and each time the rain fell the officials were instructed to measure the height and to make it known to the king. Other instruments were distributed to the provinces and cantons, and the results of the observations made were sent to court.—Knowledge.

Queer Anatomy.

Curious ideas about anatomy prevail in the press. It was stated the other day that a man was "shot in the ticket office." Another paper says a man was "shot in the suburbs." He kissed her passionately upon her reappearance. "She whipped him upon her return." "He kissed her back." "Mr. Jones walked in upon her invitation." "She seated herself upon his entering." "We thought she sat down upon her being asked." "She fainted upon his departure."

A Regular Hamlet Player.

"Did you ever play in 'Hamlet'?" Inquired a theatrical manager of a recent acquisition to his company. "Ever!" exclaimed the newcomer. "Why, I've played in every hamlet of Great Britain!"—London Tit-Bits.

Like a Man.

"Did Hawkins take his punishment like a man?" asked Lollerby. "You bet he did," laughed Dubb. "He holloered and yelled and used strong language to beat creation." —Harper's Weekly.

Never mind where you work. Let your care be for the work itself.—Morgue.

NOT A GAME OF CHANCE.

The Jury Decided That Seven-up Was Purely Scientific.

One of Mark Twain's old time stories concerned the game of seven-up, or old sledge. Some Kentucky boys were arrested for playing this game under the usual charge of playing a game of chance. When they were brought before the judge their lawyer claimed that this game was not a game of chance, but was a game of science. The court, puzzled, asked for a suggestion, and the lawyer declared that if a jury of six gamblers well acquainted with the game in a scientific way and six deacons be impeached with a pack of cards their decision ought to be determinative. So the story goes:

"There was no disputing the fairness of the proposition. Four deacons and the two dominies were sworn in as the 'chance' jury-men, and six inveterate old seven-up professors were chosen to represent the 'science' side of the issue. They retired to the jury room.

"In about two hours Deacon Peters sent into court to borrow \$3 from a friend. In about two hours more Dominie Miggles sent into court to borrow a 'stake' from a friend. During the next three or four hours the dominie and the other deacons sent into court for small loans.

"The rest of the story can be told briefly. About daylight the jury came in, and Deacon Job, the foreman, read the following verdict:

"We, the jury in the case of the commonwealth of Kentucky versus John Wheeler et al., have carefully considered the points of the case and tested the merits of the several theories advanced and do hereby unanimously decide that the game commonly known as old sledge, or seven-up, is eminently a game of science and not of chance. In demonstration whereof it is hereby and herein stated, iterated, reiterated, set forth and made manifest that during the entire night the 'chance' men never won a game or turned a jack, although both feats were common and frequent to the opposition, and furthermore in support of this our verdict we call attention to the significant fact that the 'chance' men are all broke and the 'science' men have got the money. It is the deliberate opinion of this jury that the 'chance' theory concerning seven-up is a pernicious doctrine and calculated to inflict untold suffering and pecuniary loss upon any community that takes stock in it."

SLEEPING SICKNESS.

The Grip This Dreadful Disease Takes Upon Its Victims.

The course of the dreadful disease, sleeping sickness, is an extremely slow one. The first stage is said to last a year or more, and the cause of the disease may be in the blood long before any symptoms whatever present themselves. The patient has occasional fever; indeed, a disease hitherto called Gambia fever has recently been recognized as the first stage of sleeping sickness. It is said that the swelling of the lymphatic glands of the neck is a characteristic early symptom. This was known in 1803 to Dr. Winterbottom, who states that slave traders, recognizing the symptom of a fatal disease, would not buy slaves who had this glandular enlargement. The patient feels well and strong and is able to go about his usual occupations.

The second stage is indicated by a distinct change in the appearance of the patient. His expression grows heavy and dull; he becomes apathetic, lies around a great deal and cannot exert himself. With the progress of the disease these symptoms become more marked; walking and speech become difficult and finally impossible. During the last week the sufferer lies in a state of complete coma, from which the illness derives its name. Often during the second stage of the disease the brain becomes affected, and some of the patients try to run away into the forests or swamps, where they die of exposure or starvation. To prevent this the relatives of a sufferer frequently chain him down until the time comes when he can no longer move.—McClure's Magazine.

Some Famous Men of Old.

The "nine worthies" were Joshua, David, Judas Maccabeus, Hector of Troy, Alexander the Great, Julius Caesar, King Arthur of Britain, Charlemagne of France and Godfrey of Bouillon. The list varies somewhat, but this is the most popular one. The "seven wise men of Greece" were Solon, Thales, Pittacus, Bias, Cleobolus, Myson and Chellon of Sparta. The supposition is, of course, that these were not the only wise men in Greece, but the wisest.—New York American.

Waiting For Him.

"Yes, mum," said Poetic Pete as he twined an autumn leaf through his buttonhole. "I am a great lover of the romantic. I stopped at his gate because I saw a sign 'Idelwood.'" "You did?" approved the housewife. "Well, there is a lot of idle wood down at the wood pile. Just take this ax and split up half a cord."—Chicago News.

A Greater Attraction.

Herr Harden told of a meeting at Gastein between William I. and Francis Joseph. The Austrian sovereign commented impatiently on the too pressing attentions of the crowd. "It won't last long," returned his ally soothingly. "Bismarck will be here directly, and then no one will look at us."—London Spectator.

We may forgive those who bore us. We cannot forgive those whom we bore.—La Rochefoucauld.



MOONEY'S BISCUITS

BISCUITS MUST BE FRESH TO BE PALATABLE

MOONEY'S BISCUITS ARE THE FRESH BISCUITS

Fresh enough to take the place of the bread and biscuits you bake yourself. Because the MOONEY system is so perfect that every biscuit is shipped the same day it leaves the oven.

The big Winnipeg factory is so close that your grocer gets MOONEY'S in a few hours—no long haul—no deterioration.

Besides the demand for MOONEY'S—the popular biscuit—is so great that his stock is always changing.

MOONEY'S never grow stale on the grocers' shelves. That's one reason why

MOONEY'S PERFECTION SODA BISCUITS

are fresher, crisper and more appetizing.

Ask for the big package or a sealed tin and judge for yourself.



H. H. NIGHTINGALE STOCKBROKER

Investment and Loans Negotiated
33 MELINDA ST., TORONTO

His Memory Failed Him

"Do you remember our first meeting?" she asked. "No," he replied. "I haven't the slightest recollection of it." "Oh, yes!—How stupid of me. I remember now that you were senseless under your car."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Carterhall, Nfld.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—While in the country last summer I was badly bitten by mosquitoes, so badly that I thought I would be disfigured for a couple of weeks. I was advised to try your Liniment to allay the irritation, and did so. The effect was more than I expected. A few applications completely curing the irritation and preventing the bites from becoming sore. MINARD'S LINIMENT is also a good article to keep off the mosquitoes.

Yours truly,
W. A. V. R.

Old Gentleman—"Well, my little man, how old are you?" Tommy Ruffian—"My age varies, sir. When I'm railway travelling I'm under 12, but when I go to fetch the beer I'm over 14."

In the causes of infant mortality cholera morbus figures frequently, and it may be said that complaints of the bowels are great destroyers of child life. If all mothers would avail themselves of so effective a remedy as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dyelectric Cordial many a little one could be saved. This Cordial can be given with safety to the smallest child, as there is no injurious substance in it.

Lawyer—"Did the defendant go home in the interim?" Witness—"No, sir; he went home in a taxicab."—Baltimore American.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations entered by him.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Well, don't ever try to report one of my speeches unless you are sure that you are perfectly sober. Now, I'll tell you what I really did say."

And the young reporter was wise enough to say "thank you."—Canadian Courier.

Margaret—"Isn't it strange?" Katherine—"What?" Margaret—"That many a woman who has bleached her hair wants to keep it dark."—Life.

Taking more of the doctor's advice and less of his medicine might help some.

Women may not keep secrets well, but don't forget that men sit in most of the executive sessions.

He—"Just back from the mountains? Was there any game there?" She—"Game? I should say so. We played golf all day and bridge half the night."—Judge.

"How'd you like to sign with me for life's game?" Inquired the young man. "I'm agreeable," replied the girl; "where's your diamond?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Maud—"Did Alice say anything about me during her call yesterday?" Ethel—"Oh, no; she's a nice girl, if she can't speak well of any one she says nothing at all."—Boston Transcript.

W. N. U., No. 864.

Eddy's Matches

Cover Canada Like Sunshine!

Eddy's "Royal George" combine Safety, Surety and Silence in Matches and sell at about 1,000 for 10 cents. There's nothing "just as good."

Using the Gospel as a Disguise

Shanghai.—Letters from Canton give disquieting accounts of an ingenious device of the revolutionaries to distribute seditious pamphlets in the guise of gospels published by the British and Foreign Bible society, and other missionary societies. One of the participants in the recent attack on Admiral Li Chun was observed to throw away a box which was found to contain bombs concealed beneath two gospels. These books are readily obtainable, and thus the revolutionaries easily pass as mission colporteurs.

The revolutionary scare in Canton is possibly overrated, but the authorities are most nervous and the wealthy continue to quit the city. The missions have been requested to temporarily suspend the street sales.

For your own sake, don't wait until it happens. It may be a headache, toothache, earache, or some painful accident. Hamlin's Wizard Oil will cure it. Get a bottle now.

"Are you going to start a garden next year?" "I am not," replied the luckless amateur. "Next year, instead of burying good stuff, I'm going to eat it."—Washington Star.

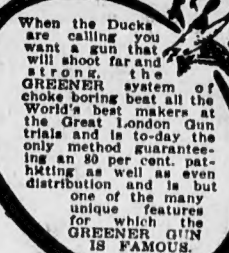
"It's mighty hard to interest yoh fellowmen in sumpin' dat g'inter improve his mind," said Uncle Eben. "De way to get his 'tention good an' strong is to make 'tend you's g'inter tell him sumpin' he ain't got no business knowin'."—Washington Star.

Brown—"Why is it you always carry two watches?"

White—"Well, I need one to tell how far off the other one is."—Life.

Recognised as the leading specific for the destruction of worms under Graves' Worm Extirpator has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

When a man contributes a dollar to a political campaign fund, he hopes to get two in return.



When the Ducks are calling you want a gun that will shoot far and strong. The GREENER system of choke boring beat all the World's best makers at the Great London Gun trials and is to-day the only method guaranteeing an 80 per cent. hitting as well as even distribution and is but one of the many unique features for which the GREENER GUN IS FAMOUS.

Send now for new Canadian list (U. 4) and free booklet "The House of Greener." W. W. Greener, 63 & 65 Beaver Hill, Montreal, P. Q.

Useless Talk

"How's business?" said the man in the barber's chair. "Oh, I've plenty of it, but a lot of it is unsatisfactory." "What do you mean by unsatisfactory?" "Why, you know, I shave the men up in the deaf and dumb asylum."

Hope For the Chronic Dyspeptic.—Through lack of consideration of the body's needs many persons allow disorders of the digestive apparatus to endure until they become chronic, filling days and nights with suffering. To these a course of Parke's Vegetable Pills is recommended as a sure and speedy way to regain health. These pills are specially compounded to combat dyspepsia and the many ills that follow in its train, and they are successful always.

A woman enjoys doing things for charity that wouldn't be right to do for anything else.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere. Don't go out in a rowboat with a man who says he is feeling rocky.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED.

CAPITAL PAID UP, \$1,000,000 RESERVE FUND, \$500,000

Established 1901

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